
Southern African Database

Key facts and figures about the region

Compiled by the Critical Choices Research Project at the Institute for the Study of Public Policy at the University of Cape Town.

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PROSPECTS
for
PROGRESS

CRITICAL CHOICES FOR SOUTHERN AFRICA

Edited by Minnie Yenter

Money and interest rates

| Country | Monetary holdings broadly defined | | | | | Average annual inflation | Nominal interest rate of banks (average annual percentage) | | | |
|--------------|---|----------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Average annual nominal growth rate (per cent) | | Average outstanding as a percentage of GDP | | | | Deposit rate | | Lending rate | |
| | 1965-80 ³ | 1980-90 ³ | 1965 ³ | 1980 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1980-90 ³ | 1980 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1980 ³ | 1990 ³ |
| Mozambique | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 36,5 | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Tanzania | 19,7 | 21,5 | .. | 37,2 | .. | 25,7 | 4,0 | 17,0 | 11,5 | 31,0 |
| Malawi | 15,4 | 18,1 | 17,6 | 20,5 | .. | 14,7 | 7,9 | 12,1 | 16,7 | 21,0 |
| Zambia | 12,7 | 28,9 ¹ | .. | 32,6 | 30,6 ² | 42,3 | 7,0 | 11,4 | 9,5 | 18,4 |
| Lesotho | .. | 17,8 | .. | .. | 39,8 | 13,0 | 9,60 ² | 13,0 | 11,0 | 20,4 |
| Zimbabwe | .. | 18,1 ¹ | .. | 54,6 ¹ | 54,0 | 10,8 | 3,5 | 8,8 | 17,5 | 11,7 |
| Botswana | .. | 25,9 | .. | 30,7 | 32,0 | 12,1 | 5,0 | 6,1 | 8,5 | 7,9 |
| Angola | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Namibia | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 13,2 | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| South Africa | 14,0 | 16,6 | 58,8 | 50,9 | 56,2 | 14,4 | 5,5 | 18,9 | 9,5 | 21,0 |

1. World Development Report 1991 (for the years 1980-89)
2. World Development Report 1990 (for the year 1988)
3. World Development Report 1992

Growth and consumption and investment

| Country | Average annual growth rate (per cent) | | | | | |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------|
| | General government consumption | | Private consumption, etc. | | Gross domestic investment | |
| | 1965-80 | 1980-90 | 1965-80 | 1980-90 | 1965-80 | 1980-90 |
| Mozambique | .. | -0,9 | .. | 0,8 | .. | 1,8 |
| Tanzania | a | 8,4 | 4,5 | 3,3 | 6,2 | 0,3 |
| Malawi | 5,7 | 6,2 | 3,5 | 2,2 | 9,0 | -2,4 |
| Zambia | 5,1 | -4,1 | -2,7 | 7,8 | -3,6 | -3,6 |
| Lesotho | 12,4 | 2,2 | 9,9 | 1,7 | 17,8 | 5,6 |
| Zimbabwe | 10,6 | 8,9 | 5,1 | 2,6 | 0,9 | -0,8 |
| Botswana | 12,0 | 12,5 | 10,2 | 6,8 | 21,0 | 0,4 |
| Angola | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Namibia | .. | 4,3 | .. | 1,1 | .. | -7,0 |
| South Africa | 5,7 | 3,4 | 4,0 | 1,7 | 4,7 | -4,3 |

a. General consumption figures are not available separately; they are included in private consumption, etc.

Commercial energy

| Country | Average annual growth rate % | | | | Energy consumption per capita (kilograms of oil requirement) | | Energy imports as percentage of merchandise exports | |
|--------------|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| | Energy production | | Energy consumption | | 1965 ⁴ | 1990 ⁴ | 1965 ⁴ | 1990 ⁴ |
| | 1965-80 ⁴ | 1980-90 ⁴ | 1965-80 ⁴ | 1980-90 ⁴ | | | | |
| Mozambique | 19,8 | -43,2 | 2,2 | 2,4 | 81 | 85 | 13,0 | 2,0 |
| Tanzania | 7,3 | 3,2 | 3,7 | 2,0 | 37 | 38 | 10 ² | 4,0 |
| Malawi | 18,2 | 4,4 | 8,0 | 1,0 | 25 | 41 | 7,0 | 17,0 |
| Zambia | 25,7 | 1,7 | 4,0 | 1,1 | 464 | 379 | 6 ² | 6 ³ |
| Lesotho | .. | 0,0 ¹ | .. | 0,0 ¹ | 0 | 0 | a | a |
| Zimbabwe | -0,7 | 3,8 | 5,2 | 1,2 | 441 | 525 | 7 ² | 0,0 |
| Botswana | 8,8 | 2,6 | 9,5 | 3,1 | 191 | 425 | a | a |
| Angola | 19,9 | 12,5 | 5,3 | 2,5 | 114 | 203 | 2,0 | 1,0 |
| Namibia | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | a | a |
| South Africa | 5,1 | 4,3 | 4,3 | 3,1 | 1 744 | 2 447 | 10,0 ^a | 1,0 ^a |

1. World Development Report 1991 (for the years 1980-89)

2. World Development Report 1990

3. World Development Report 1990 (for the year 1988)

4. World Development Report 1992

a. Figures for SACU are included in South African data; trade among component territories are excluded.

Structure of manufacturing

| Country | Value added in manufacturing (millions of current dollars) | | Distribution of manufacturing value added (per cent current prices) | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Food, beverages and tobacco | | Textiles and clothing | | Machinery and transport equipment | | Chemicals | | Other ^a | |
| | 1970 ⁴ | 1989 ⁴ | 1970 ⁴ | 1989 ⁴ | 1970 ⁴ | 1989 ⁴ | 1970 ⁴ | 1989 ⁴ | 1970 ⁴ | 1989 ⁴ | 1970 ⁴ | 1989 ⁴ |
| Mozambique | .. | .. | 51 | .. | 13 | .. | 5 | .. | 3 | .. | 28 | .. |
| Tanzania | 118 | 212 | 36 | 32 ¹ | 28 | 23 | 5 | 9 ¹ | 4 | 6 | 26 | 30 |
| Malawi | .. | 182 | 51 | 33 ¹ | 17 | 21 | 3 | 3 ¹ | 10 | 17 | 20 | 26 |
| Zambia | 181 | 1 588 | 49 | 40 | 9 | 13 | 5 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 27 | 28 |
| Lesotho | 3 | 49 | .. | .. | 26 ³ | 20 ^{3*} | 0 ³ | .. | 0 ³ | .. | 63 ³ | 68 ^{3*} |
| Zimbabwe | 293 | 1 384 | 24 | 31 | 16 | 16 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 40 | .. |
| Botswana | 5 | 155 | .. | 5.4 ² | .. | 10 ² | .. | .. | .. | 6 ² | .. | 30 ² |
| Angola | .. | 308 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Namibia | .. | 80 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| South Africa | 3 892 | 19 937 | 15 | 13 | 13 | 8 | 17 | 18 | 10 | 11 | 45 | 49 |

1. World Development Report 1990 (for the year 1987)

2. World Development Report 1991 (for the year 1988)

3. World Development Report 1988

3*. World development Report 1988 (for the year 1985)

4. World Development Report 1992

a. Refers to wood and related products

Paper and related products

Petroleum and related products

Basic metals and mineral products

Fabricated metal products and professional and other industries

Agriculture and food

| Country | Value added in agriculture (millions of dollars) | | Cereal imports (thousands of metric tonnes) | | Food aid in cereals (thousands of metric tonnes) | | Fertiliser consumption (hundreds of grams of plant nutrient per hectare of arable ground) | | Average indexes of food production per capita |
|--------------|---|-------------------|--|-------------------|---|----------------------|--|----------------------|---|
| | 1970 ¹ | 1990 ¹ | 1974 ¹ | 1990 ¹ | 1974/75 ¹ | 1989/90 ¹ | 1970/71 ¹ | 1989/90 ¹ | 1988-90 |
| Moazambique | .. | 854 | 62 | 416 | 34 | 493 | 22 | 8 | 81 |
| Tanzania | 483 | 1,444 | 431 | 73 | 148 | 22 | 31 | 93 | 88 |
| Malawi | 119 | 554 | 17 | 115 | 0 | 175 | 52 | 227 | 83 |
| Zambia | 191 | 521 | 93 | 100 | 5 | 3 | 73 | 166 | 103 |
| Lesotho | 23 | 83 ² | 48 | 97 | 14 | 30 | 10 | 144 | 86 |
| Zimbabwe | 214 | 688 | 56 | 83 | 0 | 13 | 446 | 604 | 94 |
| Botswana | 28 | 75 | 21 | 87 | 5 | 5 | 15 | 7 | 75 |
| Angola | .. | 997 | 149 | 272 | 0 | 113 | 33 | 74 | 81 |
| Namibia | .. | 187 | .. | .. | .. | 4 | .. | .. | 93 |
| South Africa | 1,292 | 4,594 | 127 | 876 | .. | .. | 422 | 575 | 87 |

1. World Development Report 1992

2. World Development Report 1991

Structure of production

| Country | GDP (millions of Rands) | | Distribution of gross domestic product (per cent) | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Agriculture | | | Industry | | | Manufacturing | | Services | | |
| | 1965 ¹ | 1990 ¹ | 1965 ¹ | 1990 ¹ | 1991 ² | 1965 ¹ | 1990 ¹ | 1991 ² | 1965 ¹ | 1990 ¹ | 1965 ¹ | 1990 ¹ | 1991 ² |
| Mozambique | - | 1,320 | | 65 | 4 | - | 15 | 15 | - | - | - | 21 | 21 |
| Tanzania | 790 | 2 060 | 46 | 59 | - | 14 | 12 | - | 8 | 10 | 40 | 29 | - |
| Malawi | 220 | 1 660 | 50 | 33 | 35 | 13 | 20 | 20 | - | 14 | 37 | 46 | 45 |
| Zambia | 1 060 | 3 120 | 14 | 17 | 16 | 54 | 55 | 47 | 6 | 43 | 32 | 29 | 37 |
| Lesotho | 50 | 340 | 65 | 24 | 14 | 5 | 30 | 38 | 1 | 14 | 30 | 46 | 48 |
| Zimbabwe | 960 | 5 310 | 18 | 13 | 20 | 35 | 40 | 32 | 20 | 26 | 47 | 47 | 49 |
| Botswana | 50 | 2 700 | 34 | 3 | 5 | 19 | 57 | 54 | 12 | 6 | 47 | 40 | 41 |
| Angola | - | 7 700 | - | 13 | - | - | 44 | - | - | 4 | - | 43 | - |
| Namibia | - | - | - | 11 | 10 | - | 38 | 28 | - | 5 | - | 50 | 62 |
| South Africa | 10 170 | 90 720 | 10 | 5 | 5 | 41 | 44 | 44 | 24 | 26 | 48 | 51 | 51 |

1. World Development Report 1992

2. World Bank Report 1993 (Mhone:Population Growth)

Growth of production

| Country | Annual growth rate (per cent) | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | GDP | | | Agriculture | | Industry | | Manufacturing | | Services | |
| | 1989 ¹ | 1980-90 ³ | 1990 ¹ | 1965-80 ³ | 1980-90 ³ | 1965-80 ³ | 1980-90 ³ | 1965-80 ³ | 1980-90 ³ | 1965-80 ³ | 1980-90 ³ |
| Mozambique | 5,3 | -0,7 | 1,5 | .. | 1,3 | .. | -4,1 | .. | .. | .. | -3,2 |
| Tanzania | 3,3 | 2,8 | 3,0 | 1,6 | 4,1 | 4,2 | 0,0 | 5,6 | -0,4 | 10,8 | 1,3 |
| Malawi | 4,1 | 2,9 | 4,8 | 4,1 | 2,0 | 6,4 | 3,0 | .. | 3,6 | 6,7 | 3,5 |
| Zambia | 0,1 | 0,8 | -1,9 | 2,2 | 3,7 | 2,1 | 0,7 | 5,3 | 3,5 | 1,8 | 0,2 |
| Lesotho | -2,1 | 3,1 | 4,1 | .. | -0,7 | .. | 2,9 | .. | 13,5 | .. | 5,6 |
| Zimbabwe | 4,5 | 2,9 | 2,0 | .. | 2,4 | .. | 2,4 | .. | 2,8 | .. | 3,4 |
| Botswana | 6,3 | 11,3 | 8,3 | 9,7 | -4,0 | 24,0 | 13,0 | 13,5 | 5,3 | 11,5 | 11,9 |
| Angola | 0,6 | .. | .. | .. | -0,5 | .. | 12,6 | .. | -4,6 | .. | .. |
| Namibia | 0,6 | 0,4 | 0,4 | .. | -1,0 | .. | -2,0 | .. | 1,4 | .. | 3,0 |
| South Africa | 3,7 ² | 1,3 | 1,3 | 3,0 | 2,6 | 3,0 | 0,0 | 5,6 | -0,1 | 4,7 | 2,4 |

1. SADCC Annual Progress Report (1990-1991) Backgrounder no 6

2. World Development Report 1992 (for the years 1965-80)

3. World Development Report 1992

Basic indicators

| Country | Popula- tion (mil- lions) | Area | GNP per capita | | | | Average rate of inflation (per cent) | | | LEBY† | Adult literacy % | |
|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--|------|--------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Dollars | | AAGR* | 1965-80 ¹ | 1980-90 ¹ | 1990 | Female | | Total | |
| | 1990 ¹ | km ² | 1989 ⁶ | 1990 ¹ | 1991 ¹ | 1980-91 ⁷ | | | | 1990 ² | 1990 ¹ | 1990 ¹ |
| Mozambique | 15,7 | 802 | 80 | 80 | 80 | -1,1 | .. | 36,6 | 40,5 | 48 | 79 | 67 ¹ |
| Tanzania | 24,5 | 945 | 130 | 110 | .. | -0,2 ¹ | 9,6 | 25,8 | 16,5 | 53 | .. | .. |
| Malawi | 8,5 | 118 | 180 | 200 | 230 | 0,1 | 7,4 | 14,7 | 9 | 47 | 69,2 ⁴ | 58,8 ⁴ |
| Zambia | 8,1 | 753 | 390 | 420 | .. | -1,9 ¹ | 6,3 | 42,2 | 100 | 53 | 35 | 27 |
| Lesotho | 1,8 | 30 | 470 | 530 | 580 | -0,5 | 6,7 | 12,7 | 15 | 56 ³ | 15,5 ⁴ | 26,4 ⁴ |
| Zimbabwe | 9,8 | 391 | 650 | 640 | 650 | -0,2 | 5,8 | 10,8 | 25 | 63 | 40 | 33 |
| Botswana | 1,3 | 582 | 1 600 | 2 040 | 2 530 | 5,6 | 8,4 | 12,0 | 12,6 | 67 ³ | 35 | 26 |
| Angola | 10,0 | 1 247 | 610 | .. | .. | 2,9 ² | .. | .. | 6,1 | 45 | 71,5 ⁵ | 58,3 ⁵ |
| Namibia | 1,8 | 824 | 1 030 | .. | 1 460 | -1,2 | .. | 13,4 | 17 | 60 | 29,2 ⁵ | 27,5 ⁵ |
| South Africa | 35,9 | 1 221 | 2 470 | 2 530 | 2 560 | 0,7 | 10,3 | 14,4 | 15,7 | 61 | .. | .. |

* AAGR = Average Annual Growth Rate

† Life expectancy birth (years)

1. World Development Report 1992 (for 1965-90)
2. U.S. and Africa Statistical Handbook
3. World Development Report 1992 (for 1990)
4. Africa South of the Sahara 1993 (UNESCO) for 1985
5. Africa South of the Sahara 1993 (UNESCO) FOR 1990
6. SADDIC Annual Progress Report 1989-90
7. World Bank Report 1993 (Mhone)
8. CIA World Fact Book 1992

Structure of manufacturing

| Country | Value added in manufacturing (millions of current dollars) | | Distribution of manufacturing value added (per cent current prices) | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Food, beverages and tobacco | | Textiles and clothing | | Machinery and transport equipment | | Chemicals | | Other ^a | |
| | 1970 ⁴ | 1989 ⁴ | 1970 ⁴ | 1989 ⁴ | 1970 ⁴ | 1989 ⁴ | 1970 ⁴ | 1989 ⁴ | 1970 ⁴ | 1989 ⁴ | 1970 ⁴ | 1989 ⁴ |
| Mozambique | .. | .. | 51 | .. | 13 | .. | 5 | .. | 3 | .. | 28 | .. |
| Tanzania | 118 | 212 | 36 | 32 ¹ | 28 | 23 | 5 | 9 ¹ | 4 | 6 | 26 | 30 |
| Malawi | .. | 182 | 51 | 33 ¹ | 17 | 21 | 3 | 3 ¹ | 10 | 17 | 20 | 26 |
| Zambia | 181 | 1 588 | 49 | 40 | 9 | 13 | 5 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 27 | 28 |
| Lesotho | 3 | 49 | .. | .. | 26 ³ | 20 ^{3*} | 0 ³ | .. | 0 ³ | .. | 63 ³ | 68 ^{3*} |
| Zimbabwe | 293 | 1 384 | 24 | 31 | 16 | 16 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 40 | .. |
| Botswana | 5 | 155 | .. | 5.4 ² | .. | 10 ² | .. | .. | .. | 6 ² | .. | 30 ² |
| Angola | .. | 308 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Namibia | .. | 80 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| South Africa | 3 892 | 19 937 | 15 | 13 | 13 | 8 | 17 | 18 | 10 | 11 | 45 | 49 |

1. World Development Report 1990 (for the year 1987)

2. World Development Report 1991 (for the year 1988)

3. World Development Report 1988

3*. World development Report 1988 (for the year 1985)

4. World Development Report 1992

a. Refers to wood and related products

Paper and related products

Petroleum and related products

Basic metals and mineral products

Fabricated metal products and professional and other industries

The geography of the southern African region I

| Country | Total area (km ²) | Land area (km ²) | Land boundaries (km) | Coast-line (km) | Maritime claim | | Land use | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--|------------------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------|
| | | | | | Exclu- sive fishing econom- ic zone (nm) | Territo- rial sea (nm) | Arable land % | Perma- nent crops % | Mea- dows and pas- tures % | Forest and wood- land % | Other % |
| Angola | 1 246 700 | 1 246 700 | 5 198 | 1 600 | 200 | 20 | 2 | NEGL | 23 | 43 | 32 |
| Botswana | 600 370 | 585 370 | 4 013 | - | - | - | 2 | 0 | 75 | 2 | 21 |
| Lesotho | 30 350 | 30 350 | 909 | - | - | - | 10 | 0 | 66 | 0 | 24 |
| Malawi | 118 480 | 94 080 | 2 881 | - | - | - | 25 | NEGL | 20 | 50 | 5 |
| Mozambique | 801 590 | 784 090 | 4 571 | 2 470 | 200 | 12 | 4 | NEGL | 56 | 20 | 20 |
| Namibia | 824 290 | 823 290 | 3 935 | 1 489 | 200 | 12 | 1 | NEGL | 64 | 22 | 13 |
| South Africa | 1 221 040 | 1 221 040 | 4 973 | 2 881 | 200 | 12 | 10 | 1 | 65 | 3 | 21 |
| Swaziland | 17 360 | 17 200 | 535 | - | - | - | 8 | NEGL | 67 | 6 | 19 |
| Tanzania | 945 090 | 886 040 | 3 402 | 1 424 | 200 | 12 | 5 | 1 | 40 | 47 | 7 |
| Zambia | 752 610 | 740 720 | 5 664 | - | - | - | 7 | NEGL | 47 | 27 | 19 |
| Zimbabwe | 390 580 | 306 600 | 3 066 | - | - | - | 7 | NEGL | 12 | 62 | 19 |

Government structures

| Country | Type | Capital | Administrative divisions | Independence | | Legal system | Executive branch | Legislative branch | Judicial branch |
|--------------|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| Angola | In transition from a one-party Marxist state to a multiparty democracy with a strong presidential system | Luanda | 18 provinces (provincias, singular-provincia) | 11 November 1975 (from Portugal) | | Based on Portuguese civil law system and customary law; recently modified to accommodate multipartyism and increased use of free markets | President, prime minister, chairman of the Council of Ministers, Council of Ministers (Cabinet) | Unicameral People's Assembly (Assembleia do Provo) | Supreme Court (Tribunal) |
| Botswana | Parliament republic | Gaborone | 10 districts | 30 September 1966 (from UK; formerly Bechuanaland) | | Based on Roman-Dutch law and local customary law; judicial review limited to matters of interpretation; has not accepted compulsory ICJ jurisdiction | President, vice-president, Cabinet | Bicameral National Assembly consists of an upper house or House of Chiefs and a lower house or National Assembly | High Court, Court of Appeal |
| Lesotho | Constitutional monarch | Maseru | 10 districts | 4 October 1966 (from UK) | | Based on English common law and Roman-Dutch law; judicial review of legislative acts in High Court and Court of Appeal; has not accepted compulsory ICJ jurisdiction | Monarch, chairman of the Military Council, Military Council, Council of Ministers (Cabinet) | None – the bicameral parliament was dissolved following the military coup in January 1986; note – a National Constituent Assembly convened in June 1990 to rewrite the constitution and debate issues of national importance, but it has no legislative authority | High Court, Court of Appeal |
| Malawi | One-party state | Lilongwe | 24 districts | 6 July 1964 (from UK; formerly Nyasaland) | | Based on English common law and customary law; judicial review of legislative acts in the Supreme Court of Appeal; has not accepted compulsory ICJ jurisdiction | President, Cabinet | Unicameral National Assembly | High Court, Supreme Court of Appeal |
| Mozambique | Republic | Maputo | 10 provinces | 25 June 1975 (from Portugal) | | Based on Portuguese civil law system and customary law | President, prime minister, Cabinet | Unicameral Assembly of the Republic (Assembleia da República) | People's Courts at all levels |
| Namibia | Republic | Windhoek | The former administrative structure of 26 districts has been abolished and 14 temporary regions are still being determined | 21 March 1990 (from South African mandate) | | Based on Roman-Dutch law and 1990 constitution | President, Cabinet | Bicameral; House of Review (upper house, to be established with elections in late 1992 by planned new regional authorities); National Assembly (lower house elected by universal suffrage) | Supreme Court |
| South Africa | Republic | Pretoria (administrative); Cape Town (legislative); Bloemfontein (judicial) | 9 provinces as per interim constitution (in transition) | 31 May 1910 (from UK); 27 April 1994, first democratic elections to include all citizens | | Based on Roman-Dutch law and English common law; accepts compulsory ICJ jurisdiction, with reservations | State president, two deputy presidents | Bicameral parliament; a National Assembly and a Senate in a Constitutional Assembly. Provincial prime ministers | Constitutional Court, Supreme Court and Appeal Court |
| Swaziland | Monarchy; independent member of Commonwealth | Mbabane | 4 districts | 6 September 1968 (from UK) | | Based on South African Roman-Dutch law in statutory courts, Swazi traditional law and custom in traditional courts; has not accepted compulsory ICJ jurisdiction | Monarch, prime minister, Cabinet | Bicameral parliament is advisory and consists of an upper house or Senate and a lower house or House of Assembly | High Court, Court of Appeal |
| Tanzania | Republic | Dar es Salaam; some government offices have been transferred to Dodoma, which is planned as the new national capital by the end of the 1990s | 25 regions | Tanganyika became independent 9 December 1961 (from UN trusteeship under British administration); Zanzibar became independent 19 December 1963 (from UK); Tanganyika united with Zanzibar 26 April 1964 to form the United Republic of Tanganyika and Zanzibar; renamed United Republic of Tanzania 29 October 1964 | | Based on English common law; judicial review of legislative acts | President, first vice-president and prime minister of the union, second vice-president and president of Zanzibar, Cabinet | Unicameral National Assembly (Bunge) | Court of Appeal, High Court |
| Zambia | Multiparty system; on 17 December 1990, President Kenneth Kaunda signed into law the constitutional amendment that officially reintroduced the multiparty system in Zambia ending 17 years of one-party rule | Lusaka | 9 provinces | 24 October 1964 (from UK) | | Based on English common law and customary law; judicial review of legislative acts in an <i>ad hoc</i> constitutional council; has not accepted compulsory ICJ jurisdiction | President, Cabinet | Unicameral National Assembly | Supreme Court |
| Zimbabwe | Parliamentary democracy | Harare | 8 provinces | 8 April 1980 (from UK) | | Mixture of Roman-Dutch and English common law | Executive president, 2 vice-presidents, Cabinet | Unicameral parliament | Supreme Court |

Balance of payments and reserves

| Country | Current account balance (millions of dollars) | | | | Net worker remittances (millions of dollars) | | Gross international reserves | | |
|--------------|--|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| | After official transfers | | Before official transfers | | | | Millions of dollars | | In months of import coverage |
| | 1970 ² | 1990 ² | 1970 ² | 1990 ² | 1970 ² | 1990 ² | 1970 ² | 1990 ² | 1990 ² |
| Mozambique | - | -335 ^a | - | -784 | - | 45 ^a | - | - | - |
| Tanzania | -36 | -426 | -37 | -955 | - | 0 | 65 | 193 | 1,4 |
| Malawi | -35 | -80 | -46 | -162 | -4 | - | 29 | 142 | 2,4 |
| Zambia | 108 | -343 | 107 | -490 | -48 | -23 | 515 | 201 | 0,9 |
| Lesotho | 18 ^a | 97 | -1 ^a | -148 | 29 ^a | 391 | - | 72 | 1,2 |
| Zimbabwe | -14 ^a | -158 | -26 ^a | -266 | - | - | 59 | 295 | 1,5 |
| Botswana | -30 ^a | 137 | -35 ^a | -179 | -9 ^a | -41 | - | 3 385 | 17,0 |
| Angola | - | -20 ^{1a} | - | -20 ^{1a} | - | - | - | - | - |
| Namibia | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Africa | -1 215 | 2 253 | -1 253 | 2 243 | - | - | 1 057 | 2 583 | 1,2 |

Sources:

1. World Bank (1991): for the year 1989
2. World Bank (1992)

^a World Bank estimate

TABLE 11
 OECD* imports of manufactured goods: origin and composition

| Country | Value of imports of manufactures, by origins (millions of dollars) | | | Composition of 1990 imports of manufactures % | | | |
|---------------------------|---|-------|--------------------------|--|---|------------------------|--------|
| | 1970 | 1990 | Textiles and clothing | Chemicals | Electrical machinery and electronics | Transport equipment | Others |
| Mozambique | 7 | 16 | 57 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 37 |
| Tanzania | 9 | 47 | 60 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 36 |
| Malawi | 1 | 14 | 81 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 14 |
| Zambia | 4 | 41 | 27 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 68 |
| Lesotho ^a | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Zimbabwe | 0 | 279 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 78 |
| Botswana ^a | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Angola | 2 | 273 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 98 |
| Namibia ^a | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| South Africa ^a | 325 | 3 236 | 5 | 16 | 2 | 3 | 75 |

Source: World Bank (1992)

* Organization of Economic Co-operation and Development (Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom, United States of America)

^a Figures are for the Southern African Customs Union (South Africa, Namibia, Lesotho, Botswana and Swaziland; trade among component territories is excluded).

Structure of merchandise exports

| Country | Percentage share of merchandise exports | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | Fuels, minerals and metals | | Other primary commodities | | Machinery and transport equipment | | Other manufactures | | Textiles and clothing | |
| | 1965 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1965 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1965 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1965 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1965 ³ | 1990 ³ |
| Mozambique | 14 | 9 ² | 84 | 43 ² | 0 | 1 ² | 2 | 47 ² | 1 | 0 ² |
| Tanzania | 1 | 5 | 86 | 84 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 10 | 0 | 3 |
| Malawi | 0 | 0 | 99 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 3 |
| Zambia | 97 ¹ | 92 ² | 3 ¹ | 3 ² | 0 ¹ | 1 ² | 0 ¹ | 5 ² | 0 ¹ | 0 ² |
| Lesotho ^a | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Zimbabwe | 24 | 17 ² | 47 | 40 ² | 6 | 1 ² | 23 | 43 ² | 6 | 3 ² |
| Botswana ^a | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Angola | 6 | 82 | 76 | 5 | 1 | 0 ² | 17 | 12 | 0 | 0 ² |
| Namibia ^a | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Africa ^a | 24 | 14 | 44 | 12 | 3 | 3 | 29 | 71 | 1 | 1 |

Sources:

1. World Bank (1990)
2. World Bank (1991): for the year 1989
3. World Bank (1992)

^a Figures are for the Southern African Customs Union (South Africa, Namibia, Lesotho, Botswana and Swaziland; trade among component territories is excluded).

Structure of merchandise imports

| Country | Percentage share of merchandise imports | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | Food | | Fuels | | Other primary commodities | | Machinery and equipment | | Other manufactures | |
| | 1965 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1965 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1965 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1965 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1965 ³ | 1990 ³ |
| Mozambique | 17 | 35 | 8 | 1 ⁴ | 7 | 3 ⁴ | 24 | 34 ⁴ | 45 | 26 ⁴ |
| Tanzania | 7 | 7 ⁴ | 9 | 31 | 2 | 2 | 40 | 35 | 42 | 25 |
| Malawi | 15 | 7 | 5 | 13 | 3 | 3 | 21 | 29 | 57 | 47 |
| Zambia | 9 ¹ | 7 ² | 10 ¹ | 9 ² | 3 ¹ | 1 ² | 33 ¹ | 38 ² | 45 ¹ | 46 ² |
| Lesotho ^a | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Zimbabwe | 7 | 3 | 0 | 16 | 4 | 5 | 41 | 37 | 47 | 38 |
| Botswana ^a | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Angola | 17 | 14 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 24 | 34 | 54 | 43 |
| Namibia ^a | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Africa ^a | 5 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 11 | 5 | 42 | 41 | 37 | 48 |

Sources:

1. World Bank (1990)
2. World Bank (1990): for the year 1988
3. World Bank (1992)
4. World Bank (1991): for the year 1989

^a Figures are for the Southern African Customs Union (South Africa, Namibia, Lesotho, Botswana and Swaziland; trade among component territories is excluded).

Growth of merchandise trade

| Country | Merchandise trade (millions of dollars) | | Average annual growth % | | | | Terms of trade (1987 = 100) | |
|---------------------------|--|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Exports | Imports | Exports | | Imports | | 1965 ³ | 1990 ³ |
| | 1990 ⁴ | 1990 ⁴ | 1965-80 ³ | 1980-90 ³ | 1965-80 ³ | 1980-90 ³ | | |
| Mozambique | 117 | 870 | - | -12,6 ¹ | - | 0,4 ¹ | 94 ¹ | 91 ¹ |
| Tanzania | 478 | 1 500 | -4,2 | -7,4 | 1,6 | -0,5 | 101 | 108 |
| Malawi | 390 | 560 | 5,1 | 4,3 | 3,3 | 0,7 | 104 | 93 |
| Zambia | 1 100 | 1 300 | -0,7 ¹ | -3,2 ¹ | -7,6 ¹ | -4,5 ¹ | 71 ¹ | 90 ¹ |
| Lesotho ^a | 59 | 604 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Zimbabwe | 1 800 | 1 600 | 3,4 ² | 3,1 ¹ | -1,8 ² | -7,4 ¹ | 100 | 95 ¹ |
| Botswana ^a | 1 800 | 1 600 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Angola | 3 900 | 1 500 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Namibia ^a | 1 021 | 894 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Africa ^a | 24 000 | 18 000 | 7,8 | 1,7 | -0,1 | -3,7 | 105 | 93 |

Sources:

1. World Bank (1991): for the years 1980-89
2. World Bank (1990): for the year 1988
3. World Bank (1992)
4. Central Intelligence Agency (1992)

^a Figures for Southern African Customs Union members; trade among the component territories is excluded, except for columns 'Merchandise trade Exports/Imports (1990)'

South African trade with southern African countries (1990) (in rands)

| Country | Imports from | Exports to |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Angola | 59 468 | 49 551 612 |
| Tanzania | 2 580 027 | 10 319 255 |
| Malawi | 81 130 403 | 378 309 147 |
| Mozambique | 30 388 199 | 432 150 639 |
| Zambia | 6 581 576 | 494 349 679 |
| Zimbabwe | 441 552 819 | 1 061 801 255 |
| Botswana ^a | 311 802 | 4 168 784 |
| Lesotho ^b | 101 698 | 1 802 216 |
| Namibia ^c | 921 700 | 2 529 040 |
| Swaziland | 556 815 | 1 548 154 |

^a 1989 figure

^b Origin of import figures for Lesotho after 1985 have not yet been published. The figure for South African exports to that country is thus an approximation (90% of Lesotho's total imports). Between 1981 and 1985, South Africa supplied between 95 and 97% of Lesotho's imports.

^c No direction of trade figures are available for Namibia, which only began collecting its own statistics in 1990. The figures are 'guestimates', assuming that around a third of total exports would have gone to South Africa and that at least 80% of imports would have come from that country.

Official development assistance: receipts

(All loans and grants made on concessional financial terms by all bilateral and multilateral agencies and sources to promote economic development)

| | Net disbursement of official development assistance (ODA) from all sources | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|------|------|------|------|------|-------|--------------------|---------------|
| | Millions of dollars | | | | | | | Per capita dollars | As a % of GNP |
| | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1990 | 1990 |
| Mozambique | 259 | 300 | 422 | 651 | 893 | 772 | 946 | 60,2 | 65,7 |
| Tanzania | 558 | 487 | 681 | 882 | 982 | 920 | 1 155 | 47,1 | 48,2 |
| Malawi | 158 | 113 | 198 | 280 | 366 | 412 | 479 | 56,3 | 25,7 |
| Zambia | 239 | 328 | 464 | 430 | 478 | 392 | 438 | 54,0 | 14,0 |
| Lesotho | 101 | 94 | 88 | 107 | 108 | 127 | 138 | 78,0 | 24,5 |
| Zimbabwe | 298 | 237 | 225 | 294 | 273 | 265 | 343 | 35,0 | 5,5 |
| Botswana | 102 | 96 | 102 | 156 | 151 | 160 | 148 | 118,2 | 5,5 |
| Angola | 95 | 92 | 131 | 135 | 159 | 148 | 212 | 21,2 | - |
| Namibia | 0 | 6 | 15 | 17 | 22 | 59 | 57 | 32,0 | - |
| South Africa | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Central government current revenue

| Country | Percentage of total current revenue | | | | | | | | | | | | Total current revenue as a percentage of GNP | |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | Tax revenue | | | | | | | | | | Non-tax revenue | | | |
| | Taxes on income profit and capital gains | | Social security contributions | | Domestic on goods and services | | Taxes on international trade and transactions | | Other taxes* | | | | | |
| | 1972 ² | 1990 ² | 1972 ² | 1990 ² | 1972 ² | 1990 ² | 1972 ² | 1990 ² | 1972 ² | 1990 ² | 1972 ² | 1990 ² | 1972 ² | 1990 ² |
| Mozambique | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanzania | 29,9 | 25,8 ¹ | 0,0 | 0,0 ¹ | 29,1 | 57,4 ¹ | 21,7 | 8,6 ¹ | 0,5 | 3,1 ¹ | 18,8 | 5,1 ¹ | 15,8 | 15,2 ¹ |
| Malawi ^a | 31,4 | 35,0 | 0,0 | 0,0 | 24,2 | 33,2 | 20,0 | 17,7 | 0,5 | 1,2 | 23,8 | 12,9 | 16,0 | 23,7 |
| Zambia ^a | 49,7 | 38,1 | 0,0 | 0,0 | 20,2 | 37,0 | 14,3 | 15,8 | 0,1 | 4,9 | 15,6 | 4,2 | 23,2 | 11,9 |
| Lesotho | 14,3 | 12,4 | 0,0 | 0,0 | 2,0 | 22,8 | 62,9 | 54,5 | 9,5 | 0,2 | 11,3 | 10,2 | 11,7 | 21,2 |
| Zimbabwe | - | 44,9 | - | 0,0 | - | 26,3 | - | 17,5 | - | 1,1 | - | 10,1 | - | 35,6 |
| Botswana ^a | 20,1 | 38,6 | 0,0 | 0,0 | 1,4 | 1,5 | 47,7 | 13,2 | 0,4 | 0,1 | 30,3 | 46,6 | 30,4 | 60,9 |
| Angola | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Namibia | - | 42,7 | - | 0,0 | - | 28,5 | - | 16,4 | - | 1,1 | - | 11,3 | - | 43,6 |
| South Africa | 54,8 | 36,5 | 18,6 | 13,6 | 32,2 | 56,0 | 13,6 | 4,6 | -8,5 | -18,3 | 6,8 | 7,7 | 10,1 | 14,9 |

Sources:

1. World Bank (1990): for the year 1988

2. World Bank (1992)

* Interest payments and items not included elsewhere

^a Data are for budgetary accounts only

Central government expenditure

| | Percentage of total expenditure | | | | | | | | | | | | Total expenditure as percentage of GNP | | Overall surplus/deficit as % of GNP | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Defence | | Education | | Health | | Housing etc.* | | Economic services | | Other† | | 1972 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1972 ³ | 1990 ³ |
| | 1972 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1972 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1972 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1972 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1972 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1972 ³ | 1990 ³ | | | | |
| Mozambique | - | - | - | - | - | 1,4 ⁴ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanzania | 1,9 | 13,8 ² | 17,3 ¹ | 17,3 | 7,2 ² | 7,2 | 2,1 ² | 2,1 | 39,0 | - | 22,6 | 48,6 ¹ | 19,7 | 23,9 ¹ | -5,0 | - |
| Malawi | 3,1 | 5,4 | 15,8 | 8,8 | 5,5 | 7,4 | 5,8 | 3,2 | 33,1 | 35,0 | 36,7 | 40,2 | 22,1 | 29,2 | -6,2 | -1,9 |
| Zambia | 0,0 | 0,0 | 19,0 | 8,6 | 7,4 | 7,4 | 1,3 | 2,0 | 26,7 | 24,8 | 45,7 | 57,2 | 34,0 | 21,9 | -13,8 | -5,0 |
| Lesotho | 0,0 | 9,9 | 19,5 | 15,2 | 8,0 | 7,4 | 6,5 | 2,4 | 24,5 | 27,4 | 41,5 | 37,6 | 16,6 | 25,1 | -0,9 | -2,8 |
| Zimbabwe | - | 16,5 | - | 23,4 | - | 7,6 | - | 3,9 | - | 22,4 | - | 26,2 | - | 40,5 | - | -7,9 |
| Botswana ^a | 0,0 | 11,6 | 10,0 | 20,2 | 6,0 | 4,8 | 21,7 | 10,6 | 28,0 | 20,9 | 34,5 | 32,0 | 33,7 | 42,2 | -23,8 | 12,6 |
| Angola | - | - | - | 13,8 ⁴ | - | 1,8 ⁴ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Namibia | - | 5,5 | - | 20,8 | - | 11,1 | - | 15,0 | - | 14,4 | - | 33,2 | - | 42,8 | - | 7,0 |
| South Africa | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 22,7 | 34,6 | -4,4 | -2,5 |

Sources:

1. World Bank (1988)
2. World Bank (1988): for the year 1986
3. World Bank (1992)
4. United Nations Development Programme (1993)

* Housing, amenities, social security and welfare

† Interest payments and items not included elsewhere

^a Data are for budgetary accounts only

Structure of household consumption

| Country | Percentage share of total household consumption | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| | Food | | Clothing and footwear | Gross rents, fuel and power | | Medical care | Education | Transport and communication | | Other consumption | |
| | Total | Cereals and tubers | | Total | Fuel and power | | | Total | Automobiles | Total | Other consumer durables |
| Mozambique | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanzania | 64 | 32 | 10 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 10 | 3 |
| Malawi | 55 | 28 | 5 | 12 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 15 | 3 |
| Zambia | 37 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 5 | 7 | 13 | 5 | 1 | 16 | 1 |
| Lesotho | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Zimbabwe | 40 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 1 | 20 | 3 |
| Botswana | 35 | 13 | 8 | 15 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 2 | 22 | 7 |
| Angola | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Namibia | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Africa | 34 | - | 7 | 12 | - | 5 ^a | - | 17 | - | 26 | - |

Source: World Bank (1992)

^a Excludes government expenditure

Structure of demand

| Country | Distribution of gross domestic product % | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | General government consumption | | Private consumption etc. | | Gross domestic investment | | Gross domestic savings | | Exports of goods of non-factor services | | Resource balance | |
| | 1965 ² | 1990 ² | 1965 ² | 1990 ² | 1965 ² | 1990 ² | 1965 ² | 1990 ² | 1965 ² | 1990 ² | 1965 ² | 1990 ² |
| Mozambique | - | 20 | - | 92 | - | 37 | - | -12 | - | 16 | - | -49 |
| Tanzania | 10 | 10 | 74 | 95 | 15 | 25 | 16 | -6 | 26 | 18 | 1 | -31 |
| Malawi | 16 | 15 | 84 | 75 | 14 | 19 | 0 | 10 | 19 | 24 | -14 | -9 |
| Zambia | 15 | 15 | 45 | 68 | 25 | 14 | 40 | 17 | 49 | 32 | 15 | 3 |
| Lesotho | 18 | 24 | 109 | 118 | 11 | 71 | -26 | -4 | 16 | 14 | -38 | -112 |
| Zimbabwe | 12 | 26 | 65 | 53 | 15 | 21 | 23 | 21 | - | 32 | 8 | 0 |
| Botswana | 24 | 20 ¹ | 89 | 43 ¹ | 6 | - | -13 ¹ | 32 | 32 ¹ | 64 ¹ | -19 | 13 ¹ |
| Angola | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Namibia | - | 28 ¹ | - | 56 ¹ | - | 17 ¹ | - | 15 ¹ | - | 55 ¹ | - | -1 |
| South Africa | 11 | 19 | 63 | 56 | 27 | 19 | 26 | 25 | 27 | 26 | -1 | 6 |

Sources:

1. World Bank (1991): for the year 1989
2. World Bank (1992)

Total external debt

| Country | Long-term debt (millions of dollars) | | | | Use of IMF credit (millions of dollars) | | Short-term debt (millions of dollars) | Total external debt (millions of dollars) |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| | Public and publicly guaranteed | | Private non-guaranteed | | | | | |
| | 1970 ² | 1990 ² | 1970 ² | 1990 ² | 1970 ² | 1990 ² | 1990 ² | 1990 ² |
| Mozambique | – | 4 053 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 74 | 572 | 4 718 |
| Tanzania | 180 | 5 294 | 15 | 12 | 0 | 140 | 420 | 5 866 |
| Malawi | 122 | 1 366 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 115 | 60 | 1 544 |
| Zambia | 624 | 4 784 | 30 | 2 | 0 | 949 | 1 488 | 7 223 |
| Lesotho | 8 | 372 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 3 | 390 |
| Zimbabwe | 229 | 3 683 | 11 | 177 | 6 | 257 | 159 | 4 276 |
| Botswana | 17 | 510 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 516 |
| Angola | – | 7 152 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 558 | 7 710 |
| Namibia | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | 250 ¹ |
| South Africa | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | 19 000 ¹ |

Sources:

1. Central Intelligence Agency (1992)
2. World Bank (1992)

Demography and fertility

| Country | Crude birth rate (per 1 000 population) | | Crude death rate (per 1 000 population) | | | Women of child-bearing age as % of all women | | Total fertility rate | | | | Assumed year of reaching NRR of 1* | Contraceptive prevalence %† |
|--------------|--|-------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | 1965 ¹ | 1990 ¹ | 1965 ¹ | 1970 ² | 1992 ² | 1965 ¹ | 1990 ¹ | 1965 ¹ | 1990 ³ | 1991 ⁵ | 2000 | | |
| Mozambique | 49 | 46 | 27 | 24 | 18 | 47 | 45 | 6,8 | 6,5 | 6,5 | 6,7 | 2045 | - |
| Tanzania | 49 | 48 | 23 | - | 18 ⁴ | 45 | 45 | 6,6 | 1,1 | - | 6,6 | 2045 | - |
| Malawi | 56 | 54 | 26 | 24 | 20 | 46 | 45 | 7,8 | 7,7 | 7,6 | 7,4 | 2050 | 7 |
| Zambia | 49 | 49 | 20 | 19 | 16 | 46 | 44 | 6,6 | 7,0 | 6,5 | 6,1 | 2040 | 15 |
| Lesotho | 42 | 40 | 18 | 17 | 12 | 47 | 45 | 5,8 | 4,9 | 4,8 | 4,5 | 2025 | - |
| Zimbabwe | 55 | 37 | 17 | 16 | 8 | 42 | 47 | 8,0 | 5,8 | 5,5 | 3,4 | 2015 | 43 |
| Botswana | 53 | 35 | 19 | 17 | 6 | 45 | 44 | 6,9 | 4,8 | 5,2 | 3,1 | 2015 | 33 |
| Angola | 49 | 47 | 29 | 26 | 19 | 47 | 45 | 6,4 | 6,7 | 7,2 | 6,6 | 2045 | - |
| Namibia | 46 | 42 | 22 | 19 | 11 | 46 | 44 | 6,1 | 6,6 | 6,0 | 4,8 | 2030 | 26 |
| South Africa | 40 | 33 | 16 | - | 9 ⁴ | 46 | 49 | 6,1 | 4,5 | 4,2 | 3,4 | 2020 | 48 |

Sources:

1. World Bank (1992)
2. World Bank (1993)
3. Johns (1991)
4. World Bank (1992): for the year 1990
5. United Nations Development Programme (1993)

* Assumed year of reaching net reproductive rate of 1

† Contraceptive prevalence percentage 1985-90

Population growth and projections

| | Average annual growth of population % | | | Population (millions) | | | Last official population census | Age structure of population % | | | |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | 0-14 years | | 15-64 years | | | | | | | | |
| | 1965-80 ¹ | 1980-90 ¹ | 1989-2000 ^{1a} | 1991 ² | 2000 ^{2a} | 2025 ^a | | 1991 ² | 2025 ^{2a} | 1991 ² | 2025 ^{2a} |
| Mozambique | 2,5 | 2,6 | 3,0 | 14,5 | 19,4 | 42 | 1980 | 44,5 | 42,2 | 52,1 | 55,0 |
| Tanzania | 2,9 | 3,1 | 3,1 | 25,0 ³ | 33,0 ¹ | 64 | 1988 | 46,7 | 40,2 ¹ | 50,3 ³ | 57,2 ¹ |
| Malawi | 2,9 | 3,4 | 3,4 | 10,0 | 12,6 | 24 | 1987 | 46,9 | 45,0 | 49,7 | 52,8 |
| Zambia | 3,0 | 3,7 | 3,1 | 8,4 | 10,7 | 20 | 1990 | 48,3 | 29,0 | 49,7 | 56,6 |
| Lesotho | 2,3 | 2,7 | 2,6 | 1,8 | 2,2 | 4 | 1986 | 41,9 | 29,5 ¹ | 55,0 | 65,7 |
| Zimbabwe | 3,1 | 3,4 | 2,4 | 10,3 | 13,2 | 18 | 1982 | 44,5 | 28,5 | 53,7 | 67,5 |
| Botswana | 3,6 | 3,3 | 2,5 | 1,3 | 1,7 | 2 | 1981 | 45,7 | 26,9 | 52,2 | 68,0 |
| Angola | 2,8 | 2,6 | 3,0 | 9,5 | 13,1 | 27 | 1970 | 44,8 ³ | 39,9 ¹ | 52,1 ³ | 56,9 ¹ |
| Namibia | 2,4 | 3,2 | 3,0 | 1,5 | 2,0 | 4 | 1970 | 44,8 | 34,2 | 51,5 | 61,9 |
| South Africa | 2,4 | 2,4 | 2,2 | 38,9 | 47,9 | 65 | 1991 | 38,6 | 25,6 | 58,3 | 67,4 |

Sources:

1. World Bank (1992)
2. United Nations Development Programme (1993)
3. World Bank (1992): for the year 1990

^a Projections

Terms of external public borrowing

| Country | Commitments (millions of dollars) | | Average interest rate % | | Average maturity (years) | | Average grace period (years) | | Public loans with variable interest rate as a % of public debt | |
|--------------|---|------|-------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|------|------------------------------------|------|--|------|
| | 1970 | 1990 | 1970 | 1990 | 1970 | 1990 | 1970 | 1990 | 1970 | 1990 |
| Mozambique | - | 163 | - | 1,6 | - | 37 | - | 10 | - | 4,2 |
| Tanzania | 271 | 603 | 1,0 | 0,8 | 40 | 37 | 11 | 10 | 0,0 | 4,5 |
| Malawi | 14 | 237 | 3,8 | 1,0 | 29 | 36 | 6 | 10 | 0,0 | 3,5 |
| Zambia | 557 | 52 | 4,2 | 9,0 | 27 | 6 | 9 | 2 | 0,0 | 13,8 |
| Lesotho | 0 | 13 | 5,5 | 3,0 | 20 | 37 | 2 | 8 | 0,0 | 0,0 |
| Zimbabwe | 0 | 399 | 0,0 | 7,0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 4 | 0,0 | 21,0 |
| Botswana | 38 | 47 | 0,6 | 6,7 | 39 | 22 | 10 | 6 | 0,0 | 14,3 |
| Angola | - | 196 | - | 7,0 | - | 17 | - | 3 | - | 6,7 |
| Namibia | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Africa | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Total external debt ratios

| Country | Total external debt as a percentage of | | | | Total debt services as percentage of exports of goods and services | | Interest payment as percentage of exports of goods and services | |
|--------------|--|---------|------|-------|---|------|--|------|
| | Exports of goods and services | | GNP | | | | | |
| | 1980 | 1990 | 1980 | 1990 | 1980 | 1990 | 1980 | 1990 |
| Mozambique | 0,0 | 1 573,3 | 0,0 | 384,5 | 0,0 | 14,4 | 0,0 | 7,7 |
| Tanzania | 317,8 | 1 070,7 | 47,7 | 282,0 | 19,6 | 25,8 | 10,0 | 10,9 |
| Malawi | 260,8 | 328,5 | 72,1 | 85,6 | 27,7 | 22,5 | 16,7 | 9,1 |
| Zambia | 201,0 | 500,8 | 90,9 | 261,3 | 25,3 | 12,3 | 8,8 | 4,3 |
| Lesotho | 19,5 | 41,2 | 11,2 | 39,6 | 1,5 | 2,4 | 0,6 | 0,8 |
| Zimbabwe | 45,4 | 155,0 | 14,9 | 54,1 | 3,8 | 22,6 | 1,5 | 9,6 |
| Botswana | 17,8 | 22,9 | 16,2 | 20,6 | 1,9 | 4,4 | 1,1 | 1,6 |
| Angola | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Namibia | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Africa | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Aggregate net resource flows and net transfers

| Country | Net flows on long-term debt (millions of dollars) | | | | Official grants | | Net foreign direct investment | | Aggregate net resource flows | | Aggregate net transfers | |
|--------------|--|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | Public guaranteed | | Private non-guaranteed | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1970 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1970 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1970 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1970 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1970 ³ | 1990 ³ | 1970 ³ | 1990 ³ |
| Mozambique | - | 145 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 764 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 917 | 0 | 909 |
| Tanzania | 49 | 246 | 5 | 0 | 6 | 729 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 975 | 57 | 904 |
| Malawi | 37 | 84 | 0 | -1 | 7 | 262 | 9 | 0 | 52 | 345 | 41 | 312 |
| Zambia | 316 | 61 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 633 | -297 | 0 | 26 | 696 | -65 | 638 |
| Lesotho | 0 | 38 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 69 | 0 | 17 | 8 | 124 | 7 | 103 |
| Zimbabwe | -5 | 71 | 0 | 76 | 0 | 210 | 0 | 0 | -5 | 356 | -9 | 209 |
| Botswana | 6 | -37 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 90 | 0 | 148 | 15 | 201 | 14 | -133 |
| Angola | - | 495 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 160 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 655 | 0 | 566 |
| Namibia | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Africa | - | - | - | - | - | - | 318 ¹ | 7 ² | - | - | - | - |

Source:

1. World Bank (1991)
2. World Bank (1991): for the year 1989
3. World Bank (1992)

Flow of public and private external capital

| Country | Disbursement (millions of dollars) | | | | Repayment of principal (millions of dollars) | | | | Interest payments (millions of dollars) | | | |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|------|---------------------------|------|---|------|---------------------------|------|--|------|---------------------------|------|
| | Long-term public and guaranteed | | Private non-guaranteed | | Long-term public and guaranteed | | Private non-guaranteed | | Long-term public and guaranteed | | Private non-guaranteed | |
| | 1970 | 1990 | 1970 | 1990 | 1970 | 1990 | 1970 | 1990 | 1970 | 1990 | 1970 | 1990 |
| Mozambique | - | 153 | 0 | 20 | - | 8 | 0 | 12 | - | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Tanzania | 51 | 299 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 53 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 46 | 1 | 0 |
| Malawi | 40 | 127 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 42 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 32 | 0 | 0 |
| Zambia | 351 | 152 | 11 | 2 | 35 | 91 | 6 | 0 | 29 | 58 | 2 | 0 |
| Lesotho | 0 | 52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Zimbabwe | 0 | 297 | 0 | 94 | 5 | 227 | 0 | 18 | 5 | 139 | 0 | 9 |
| Botswana | 6 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 36 | 0 | 0 |
| Angola | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Namibia | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Africa | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Real wages, hourly compensation costs and working time

| | Legal minimum wage rates (1985 = 100) | | | Manufacturing wages (1985 = 100) | | | Hourly compensation costs (production workers) in manufacture | | Normal working time (manufacturing) | | | |
|--------------|--|-------|------|-------------------------------------|-------|------|---|---------------------|--|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | | (1985 = 100) | % of non-wage costs | Weekly hours | Annual leave (days) | Public holidays | Normal annual hours |
| | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1990 | 1990 | 1990 | 1990 | 1990 | 1990 |
| Angola | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 44 | 23 | 7 | 2 056 |
| Botswana | 102,2 | 100,4 | - | 101,5 | 116,6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Lesotho | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 45 | 12 | 13 | 2 144 |
| Malawi | - | - | - | 80,2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mozambique | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Namibia | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Africa | - | - | - | 99,1 | 101,1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanzania | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Zambia | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 45 | 5 | 7 | 2 250 |
| Zimbabwe | - | - | - | 98,2 | 98,0 | - | - | - | 44 | 16 | 11 | 2 080 |

Source: International Labour Organization (1992)

Labour force and employment structure

| | Activity rate % | | | | Structure of total employment % | | | | | | Wage employment (as % of total) | | | | Women as % of non-agricultural wage employment | |
|--------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------|--|-----------------|
| | Male | | Female | | Agriculture | | Industry | | Services | | Agriculture | | Non-agriculture | | | |
| | 1979/ 1981 ^a | 1988/ 1990 | 1979/ 1981 ^a | 1988/ 1990 | 1979/ 1984 ^a | 1985/ 1990 | 1979/ 1984 ^a | 1985/ 1990 | 1979/ 1984 ^a | 1985/ 1990 | 1979/ 1984 ^a | 1985/ 1990 | 1979/ 1984 ^a | 1985/ 1990 | 1979/ 1980 | 1988/ 1990 |
| Angola | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Botswana | 82,7 | - | 47,4 | - | 56 | 58 | 13 | 11 | 32 | 31 | 5 | - | 93 | - | 24 ^b | 31 ^b |
| Lesotho | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Malawi | - | - | - | - | - | 87 | - | 5 | - | 8 | - | 6 | - | 66 | 9 ^b | 10 ^b |
| Mozambique | 87,6 | - | 87,0 | - | 85 | - | 7 | - | 8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Namibia | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Africa | 85,6 | - | 43,4 | - | 17 | 15 | 36 | 36 | 47 | 48 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanzania | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Zambia | 81,7 | - | 39,9 | - | 55 | - | 14 | - | 31 | - | 44 | - | 82 | - | 14 | - |
| Zimbabwe | - | - | - | - | - | 71 | - | 8 | - | 21 | - | - | - | - | 13 ^b | 15 ^b |

Source: International Labour Organization (1992)

^a In these brackets, data refer to the earliest available year

^b Formal wage employment

Labour force trends

| | Annual growth rate % | | | |
|--------------|----------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| | Population | | Labour force | |
| | 1981-1990 | 1991-2000 | 1981-1990 | 1991-2000 |
| Angola | 2,6 | 2,9 | 1,8 | 2,1 |
| Botswana | 3,8 | 3,4 | 3,3 | 3,4 |
| Lesotho | 2,9 | 2,9 | 2,0 | 2,2 |
| Malawi | 3,5 | 3,6 | 2,6 | 2,7 |
| Mozambique | 2,6 | 2,7 | 2,0 | 2,0 |
| Namibia | 3,2 | 3,2 | 2,4 | 2,8 |
| South Africa | 2,2 | 2,2 | 2,8 | 2,8 |
| Tanzania | 3,8 | 3,8 | 2,9 | 3,1 |
| Zambia | 3,9 | 3,8 | 3,3 | 3,6 |
| Zimbabwe | 3,1 | 3,1 | 2,8 | 3,1 |

Ratification of Labour Conventions 87 and 98* in southern Africa

| Country | 87 | 98 |
|--------------|----|----|
| Angola | - | X |
| Botswana | - | - |
| Lesotho | X | X |
| Malawi | - | X |
| Mozambique | - | - |
| Namibia | - | - |
| Swaziland | X | X |
| South Africa | - | - |
| Zambia | - | - |
| Zimbabwe | - | - |

* Convention 87: Freedom of association and protection of the right to organize.

Convention 98: the right to organize and collective bargaining.

Ratification and implementation of international labour standards in southern Africa

| State | Admission to International Labour Organization | Ratification at date of admission | Total number of ratifications |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Angola | 1976 | 30 | 30 |
| Botswana | 1978 | – | 2 |
| Lesotho | 1966-71; 1980 | 11 | 11 |
| Malawi | 1965 | 8 | 23 |
| Mozambique | 1976 | – | 11 |
| Namibia | 1978 | 11 | – |
| South Africa ^a | 1919 | – | 12 |
| Swaziland | 1975 | – | 30 |
| Zambia | 1964 | 14 | 38 |
| Zimbabwe | 1980 | 7 | 5 |

Source: International Labour Organization (1992)

^a Withdrew from the ILO in 1966

Ratification of basic International Labour Organization Conventions (as of 31 October 1991)

| | Total number of ratifications | Freedom of association | | Rural Workers Organizations (No. 141) | Forced labour | | Discrimination | | Child Labour Minimum Age (No. 138) | Employment Policy (No. 122) |
|--------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | Right to Organize (No. 87) | Collective Bargaining (No. 98) | | Forced Labour (No. 29) | Abolition (No. 105) | Employment & Occupation (No. 111) | Equal Remuneration (No. 100) | | |
| Angola | 30 | | X | | X | X | X | X | | |
| Botswana | 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| Lesotho | 11 | X | X | | X | | | | | |
| Malawi | 23 | | X | | | | X | X | | |
| Mozambique | 11 | | | | | X | X | X | | |
| Namibia | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| South Africa | 12 | | | | | | | | | |
| Tanzania | 40 | | X | | X | X | | | | |
| Zambia | 38 | | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Zimbabwe | 5 | | | | | | | X | | |

Source: International Labour Organization (1992)

Defence forces

| Country | Manpower availability (males 15-49) | Males fit for military service | Defence expenditure | |
|--------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| | | | Exchange rate conversion in \$ millions | Percentage of GDP |
| Angola | 2 129 827 | 1 072 323 | – | – |
| Botswana | 271 511 | 142 947 | 136,4 | 4,4 (1992) |
| Lesotho | 408 003 | 220 129 | 55 | 13,1 (1990) |
| Malawi | 2 000 406 | 1 016 901 | 22 | 1,6 (1989) |
| Mozambique | 3 490 554 | 2 004 913 | 107 | 6-7 (1989) |
| Namibia | 320 277 | 189 997 | 66 | 3,4 (1992) |
| South Africa | 10 051 202 | 6 133 484 | 3 500 | 3 (1992) |
| Swaziland | 197 654 | 114 204 | 11 | 2 (1989) |
| Tanzania | 747 542 | 3 319 116 | 119 | 2 (1989) |
| Zambia | 1 818 545 | 953 718 | – | – |
| Zimbabwe | 2 355 965 | 1 456 829 | 412,4 | 6 (1991) |

Source: Central Intelligence Agency (1992)

Forests, protected areas and water resources

| Country | Forest area (thousands of km ²) | | | | Nationally protected areas (1991) | | | Internal renewable water resources withdrawal (1970-87) | | | | |
|--------------|--|--------|--------------------------------------|------------------|---|-------------|-------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------|---------------|--------|
| | Total area (1980) | | Annual deforestation 1981-1985 | | Area (thou- sands of km ²) | Num- ber | As a % of total land | Total cubic kms (km ³) | As a % of total water re- sources | Per capita (cubic metres) | | |
| | Total | Closed | Total | Closed | | | | | | Total | Domes- tic | I & A* |
| Mozambique | 154 | 9 | 1,2 | 0,1 | 0,0 | 1 | 0,0 | 0,8 | 1 | 53 | 13 | 40 |
| Tanzania | 420 | 14 | 3,0 ³ | 0,1 ¹ | 130,0 | 28 | 13,8 | 0,5 | 1 | 36 | 8 | 28 |
| Malawi | 43 | 2 | 1,5 | - | 10,6 | 9 | 8,9 | 0,2 | 2 | 22 | 7 | 15 |
| Zambia | 295 | 30 | 0,7 | 0,4 | 63,6 | 20 | 8,5 | 0,4 | 0 | 86 | 54 | 32 |
| Lesotho | 0 | 0 | - | - | 0,1 | 1 | 0,2 | 0,1 | 1 | 34 | 7 | 27 |
| Zimbabwe | 198 | 2 | 0,8 | 0,0 | 30,7 | 25 | 7,9 | 1,2 | 5 | 129 | 18 | 111 |
| Botswana | 326 | 0 | 0,2 | - | 100,3 | 9 | 17,2 | 0,1 | 0 | 98 | 5 | 93 |
| Angola | 536 | 29 | 0,9 | 0,4 | 26,4 | 6 | 2,1 | 0,5 | 0 | 43 | 6 | 37 |
| Namibia | 184 | - | 0,3 | - | 103,7 | 11 | 12,6 | 0,1 | 2 | 79 | 9 | 69 |
| South Africa | 3 | 3 | - | - | 73,9 | 229 | 6,1 | 9,2 | 18 | 404 | 65 | 339 |

Sources:

1. World Bank (1991)
2. World Bank (1992)
3. World Bank (1992): for the year 1989

* Industrial and agricultural

Women and development

| Country | Health and welfare | | | | | | | Education | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | | | MM* | Percentage of cohort persisting to grade 4 (% children starting primary school and proceeded to fourth grade) | | | | Females per 1 000 males | | | |
| | Fe-male | Male | Female | | Male | | | 1970 ¹ | 1985 ¹ | 1970 ¹ | 1985 ¹ | 1965 ¹ | 1989 ¹ | 1965 ¹ | 1989 ¹ |
| | 1990 ¹ | 1990 ¹ | 1970 ² | 1992 ² | 1970 ² | 1992 ² | 1988 ³ | 1970 ¹ | 1985 ¹ | 1970 ¹ | 1985 ¹ | 1965 ¹ | 1989 ¹ | 1965 ¹ | 1989 ¹ |
| Mozambique | 194 | 215 | 42 | 49 | 39 | 49 | 800 | - | - | - | - | 56 | 78 | 85 | 54 |
| Tanzania | 182 | 203 | 45 ⁴ | 49 ⁵ | 41 ⁴ | 46 ⁵ | 600 | 82 | 91 | 88 | 90 | 60 | 98 | 23 | 74 |
| Malawi | 242 | 255 | 41 | 47 | 40 | 46 | 500 | 55 | 67 | 60 | 71 | 59 | 81 | 40 | 54 |
| Zambia | 123 | 140 | 48 | 50 | 45 | 54 | 600 | 93 | - | 99 | - | 78 | 91 | 39 | 59 |
| Lesotho | 125 | 142 | 50 | 58 | 48 | 57 | 350 | 87 | 85 | 70 | 76 | 157 | 122 | 100 | 147 |
| Zimbabwe | 66 | 78 | 52 | 62 | 49 | 59 | 330 | 74 | 83 | 80 | 83 | - | 98 | - | 73 |
| Botswana | 41 | 53 | 51 | 70 | 48 | 59 | 300 | 97 | 94 | 90 | 92 | 129 | 106 | 77 | 109 |
| Angola | 207 | 230 | 39 | 49 | 36 | 47 | 900 | - | - | - | - | 49 | - | 89 | - |
| Namibia | 119 | 140 | 47 ⁴ | 59 ⁵ | 44 ⁴ | 56 ⁵ | 400 | - | - | - | - | - | 109 | - | 128 |
| South Africa | 81 | 98 | 54 ⁴ | 65 ⁵ | 49 ⁴ | 59 ⁵ | 250 | - | - | - | - | 99 | - | 87 | - |

Sources:

1. World Bank (1992)
2. African Development Bank (1993)
3. United Nations Development Programme (1993)
4. World Bank (1992): for the year 1965
5. World Bank (1992): for the year 1990

* Maternal mortality per 100 000 live births

Urbanization

| Country | Urban population | | | | | | | Population in capital city as a % | | Population in cities of 1 million as a % | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| | As a percentage of total population | | | Average annual growth rate % | | | | Urban | Total | Urban | | Total |
| | 1965 ¹ | 2000 ^{2a} | 1991 ² | 1965-1980 ¹ | 1980-1990 | 1990 ³ | 1991-2000 ^{2a} | 1990 ¹ | 1990 ¹ | 1965 ¹ | 1990 ¹ | 1990 ¹ |
| Mozambique | 5 | 41 | 27 | 10,2 | 10,4 | 13,1 | 4,8 | 38 | 10 | 68 | 38 | 10 |
| Tanzania | 5 | – | 33 ⁴ | 11,3 | 10,5 | 6,5 | – | 21 | 7 | 38 | 18 | 6 |
| Malawi | 5 | 16 | 12 | 7,4 | 6,2 | 7,7 | 6,5 | 31 | 4 | – | – | – |
| Zambia | 23 | 59 | 50 | 6,6 | 6,2 | 6,6 | 5,5 | 24 | 12 | – | – | – |
| Lesotho | 6 | 28 | 20 | 7,5 | 7,0 | 9,0 | 6,3 | 17 | 4 | – | – | – |
| Zimbabwe | 14 | 35 | 28 | 6,0 | 5,9 | 6,0 | 5,4 | 31 | 9 | – | – | – |
| Botswana | 4 | 42 | 28 | 12,6 | 9,9 | 10,1 | 7,9 | 38 | 10 | – | – | – |
| Angola | 13 | 36 | 28 | 6,4 | 5,8 | – | 5,4 | 61 | 17 | 49 | 61 | 17 |
| Namibia | 17 | 34 | 28 | 4,6 | 5,3 | 9,4 | 5,4 | 30 | 8 | – | – | – |
| South Africa | 47 | 66 | 60 ⁴ | 3,2 | 3,7 | 3,72 | 3,2 | 11 | 6 | 40 | 30 | 18 |

Sources:

1. World Bank (1992)
2. United Nations Development Programme (1993)
3. Development Bank of Southern Africa (1991)
4. World Bank (1992): for the year 1990

^a Projections

Education

| Country | Percentage of age group enrolled in education | | | | | | | | | | Primary net enrolment % | | Primary pupil-teacher ratio | |
|--------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| | Primary | | | | Secondary | | | | Tertiary (total) | | | | | |
| | Total | | Female | | Total | | Female | | | | | | | |
| | 1965 ¹ | 1989 ¹ | 1965 ¹ | 1989 ¹ | 1965 ¹ | 1989 ¹ | 1965 ¹ | 1989 ¹ | 1965 ¹ | 1989 ¹ | 1975 ¹ | 1989 ¹ | 1965 ¹ | 1989 ¹ |
| Mozambique | 37 | 68 | 26 | 59 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | - | 45 | 78 | 58 ³ |
| Tanzania | 32 | 63 | 25 | 63 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | - | 48 | 52 | 33 |
| Malawi | 44 | 67 | 32 | 60 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | - | 50 | 40 | 64 ³ |
| Zambia | 53 | 95 | 46 | 91 | 7 | 20 | 3 | 14 | - | 2 | - | 80 | 51 | 44 |
| Lesotho | 94 | 110 | 114 | 119 | 4 | 26 | 4 | 31 | 0 | 4 | - | 72 | 57 | 56 |
| Zimbabwe | 110 | 125 | 92 | 126 | 6 | 52 | 5 | 42 | 0 | 6 | - | 100 ² | - | 38 |
| Botswana | 65 | 111 | 71 | 114 | 3 | 37 | 3 | 39 | - | 3 | 58 | 93 | 40 | 32 |
| Angola | 39 | 94 | 26 | - | 5 | 11 | 4 | - | 0 | - | - | - | 45 | 33 |
| Namibia | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Africa | 90 | - | 88 | - | 15 | - | 14 | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | - |

Sources:

1. World Bank (1992)
2. World Bank (1991)
3. United Nations Development Report (1993)

Health and nutrition

| Country | Population per | | | | Birth attended by health staff % | Birth with low birth weight % | Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births) | | Daily calorie supply (per capita) | |
|--------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Physician | | Nursing person | | | | 1970 ² | 1992 ² | 1965 ¹ | 1989 ¹ |
| | 1965 ¹ | 1984 ¹ | 1965 ¹ | 1984 ¹ | 1988-90 ³ | 1986-90 ³ | | | | |
| Mozambique | 18 000 | 37 970 ³ | 5 370 | 5 760 ³ | 29 | 11 | 171 | 135 | 1 712 | 1 680 |
| Tanzania | 21 700 | 24 970 | 2 100 | 5 480 | 60 | 16 | 138 ¹ | 115 ⁶ | 1 831 | 2 206 |
| Malawi | 47 320 | 11 340 | 40 980 | 3 110 ³ | 41 | 11 | 193 | 149 | 2 259 | 2 139 |
| Zambia | 11 380 | 7 150 | 5 820 | 740 | 43 | 4 | 106 | 84 | 2 072 | 2 077 |
| Lesotho | 20 060 | 18 610 | 4 700 | - | 40 | 10 | 134 | 89 | 2 049 | 2 299 |
| Zimbabwe | 8 010 | 6 700 | 990 | 1 000 | 65 | 6 | 96 | 47 | 2 075 | 2 299 |
| Botswana | 27 450 | 6 900 | 17 710 | 700 | 78 | 8 | 101 | 35 | 2 045 | 2 375 |
| Angola | 13 150 | 17 750 | 3 820 | 1010 | 16 | 15 | 178 | 138 | 1 907 | 1 807 |
| Namibia | - | - | - | - | 71 | 14 | 137 | 96 | 1 900 | 1 946 |
| South Africa | 2 050 | - | 490 | - | - | 12 ⁴ | 124 ⁵ | 66 ⁶ | 2 759 | 3 122 |

Sources:

1. World Bank (1992)
2. African Development Bank (1993)
3. United Nations Development Programme (1993)
4. World Bank (1992): for the year 1985
5. World Bank (1992): for the year 1965
6. World Bank (1992): for the year 1990

Origins of black mineworkers employed in mines owned by members of the South African Chamber of Mines

| | South Africa | Mozambique | Malawi | Zimbabwe | Angola | Botswana | Lesotho | Swaziland | Other | Total |
|------|--------------|------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|---------|-----------|-------|---------|
| 1975 | 101 553 | 97 216 | 27 904 | 2 485 | 3 431 | 20 291 | 78 114 | 8 391 | 12 | 321 846 |
| 1976 | 143 509 | 73 863 | 571 | 16 788 | 2 910 | 23 765 | 84 873 | 10 835 | 475 | 342 507 |
| 1977 | 189 106 | 36 922 | 3 495 | 18 653 | 1 043 | 20 257 | 92 026 | 9 335 | 2 650 | 373 487 |
| 1978 | 204 318 | 35 234 | 17 910 | 11 984 | 189 | 17 647 | 91 278 | 8 269 | 1 965 | 388 794 |
| 1979 | 215 577 | 38 995 | 15 033 | 7 643 | 23 | 17 645 | 94 379 | 7 926 | 1 852 | 399 123 |
| 1980 | 233 088 | 39 539 | 13 569 | 5 770 | 5 | 17 763 | 96 309 | 8 090 | 1 404 | 415 537 |
| 1981 | 240 082 | 40 094 | 12 937 | 2 968 | 2 | 17 539 | 98 288 | 8 872 | 1 334 | 422 116 |
| 1982 | 239 065 | 42 544 | 13 565 | 112 | 2 | 16 659 | 95 731 | 9 294 | 1 215 | 418 187 |
| 1983 | 245 718 | 42 473 | 14 287 | 1 | 2 | 17 225 | 96 409 | 10 624 | 1 264 | 428 003 |
| 1984 | 253 548 | 44 195 | 15 120 | 2 | 1 | 17 257 | 95 675 | 10 833 | 218 | 436 849 |
| 1985 | 256 377 | 50 126 | 16 849 | – | 1 | 18 079 | 97 639 | 12 365 | 4 | 451 440 |
| 1986 | 266 150 | 56 237 | 17 923 | – | – | 19 106 | 103 742 | 14 239 | 1 | 477 398 |
| 1987 | 273 422 | 45 917 | 17 620 | – | – | 17 939 | 105 506 | 15 743 | – | 476 147 |
| 1988 | 265 268 | 44 084 | 13 090 | – | – | 17 061 | 100 951 | 16 171 | – | 456 625 |
| 1989 | 243 556 | 42 807 | 2 212 | – | – | 16 051 | 100 529 | 16 730 | – | 421 885 |

Source: Davies & Nkuhlu (1993)

Average number of migrant employees on gold and coal mines owned by members of the South African Chamber of Mines

| | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Botswana (G) | 17 539 | 16 659 | 17 225 | 17 257 | 18 079 | 19 106 | 17 939 | 17 061 | 16 051 | 14 918 | 13 388 |
| Botswana (C) | 4 | 8 | 60 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| Lesotho (G) | 98 228 | 95 731 | 96 409 | 95 675 | 97 639 | 103 742 | 105 506 | 100 951 | 100 529 | 98 200 | 88 281 |
| Lesotho (C) | 12 314 | 11 823 | 9 730 | 9 514 | 9 803 | 8 849 | 7 451 | 6 706 | 6 076 | 5 720 | 5 037 |
| Malawi (G) | 12 937 | 13 565 | 14 287 | 15 180 | 16 849 | 17 923 | 17 620 | 13 090 | 2 212 | 29 | 5 |
| Malawi (C) | 258 | 244 | 227 | 208 | 207 | 179 | 149 | 137 | 70 | 41 | 32 |
| Mozambique (G) | 40 094 | 42 544 | 42 473 | 44 195 | 50 126 | 56 237 | 45 917 | 44 084 | 42 087 | 43 172 | 41 956 |
| Mozambique (C) | 1 354 | 1 378 | 1 321 | 1 277 | 1 572 | 1 662 | 1 186 | 1 012 | 1 113 | 1 236 | 1 136 |
| Swaziland (G) | 8 872 | 9 294 | 10 624 | 10 833 | 12 365 | 14 239 | 15 743 | 16 171 | 16 730 | 16 387 | 15 623 |
| Swaziland (C) | 608 | 721 | 679 | 634 | 648 | 668 | 575 | 570 | 552 | 447 | 361 |
| Zimbabwe (G) | 2 968 | 112 | 1 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Zimbabwe (C) | 16 | 9 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| SADCC (G) | 180 638 | 177 905 | 181 019 | 183 082 | 195 058 | 211 247 | 202 725 | 191 357 | 177 609 | 172 706 | 159 253 |
| SADCC (C) | 14 554 | 14 183 | 12 024 | 11 648 | 12 244 | 11 374 | 9 372 | 8 430 | 7 814 | 7 448 | 6 572 |
| SADCC | 195 192 | 192 088 | 193 043 | 194 730 | 207 302 | 222 621 | 219 097 | 199 787 | 185 423 | 180 154 | 165 825 |
| South Africa (G) | 240 082 | 239 065 | 245 718 | 253 548 | 256 222 | 266 150 | 273 402 | 265 268 | 246 276 | 224 626 | 195 200 |
| South Africa (C) | 52 070 | 51 266 | 43 842 | 46 583 | 47 566 | 47 340 | 43 423 | 38 239 | 35 524 | 33 072 | 28 834 |
| South Africa | 292 152 | 290 331 | 289 560 | 300 131 | 303 788 | 313 490 | 316 825 | 303 072 | 281 800 | 257 698 | 224 034 |
| Other (G) | 1 337 | 1 217 | 1 266 | 219 | 5 | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| Other (C) | 4 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Gold | 422 057 | 418 187 | 428 003 | 436 849 | 451 285 | 477 398 | 476 127 | 456 625 | 423 886 | 396 968 | 354 453 |
| Total Coal | 66 628 | 65 450 | 55 866 | 58 231 | 59 810 | 58 714 | 52 795 | 46 669 | 43 338 | 40 520 | 35 406 |
| Total | 488 685 | 483 637 | 483 869 | 495 080 | 511 095 | 536 112 | 528 922 | 503 294 | 467 224 | 437 488 | 389 859 |

Source: Davies & Nkuhlu (1993)

G = Goldmines

C = Coalmines

Environment and Population

Southern African Population profile

| Country | Estimated population (million) | | | Annual population growth rate % | | Ratio of population doubling growth rate 1985-1990 to 1955-60 | Population doubling rate (at current rate) | Total fertility 1991 | Ratio of 1991 fertility rate to 1960 | Contraceptive prevalence (%) 1985-90 | Population density (per 1 000 hectares) 1991 |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|---------|---------|---------------------------------|-----------|---|--|----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | 1990 | 1991 | 2000 | 1960-1991 | 1991-2000 | | | | | | |
| Angola | 4,8 | 9,5 | 13,1 | 2,2 | 3,5 | 173 | 2010 | 7,2 | 113 | n.a. | 76 |
| Botswana | 0,5 | 1,3 | 1,7 | 2,9 | 2,9 | 141 | 2015 | 5,2 | 76 | 33 | 22 |
| Lesotho | 0,9 | 1,8 | 2,2 | 2,3 | 2,3 | 139 | 2019 | 4,8 | 82 | n.a. | 590 |
| Madagascar | 5,3 | 12,4 | 16,6 | 2,7 | 3,2 | 135 | 2012 | 6,6 | 100 | n.a. | 213 |
| Malawi | 3,5 | 10,0 | 12,6 | 3,4 | 2,6 | 248 | 2012 | 7,6 | 110 | 7 | 1 061 |
| Mozambique | 7,5 | 14,5 | 19,4 | 2,1 | 3,3 | 47 | 2015 | 6,5 | 103 | n.a. | 185 |
| Namibia | 0,6 | 1,5 | 2,0 | 2,8 | 3,1 | 137 | 2013 | 6,0 | 100 | 26 | 18 |
| South Africa | 17,4 | 38,9 | 47,9 | 2,6 | 2,3 | 99 | 2020 | 4,2 | 64 | 48 | 318 |
| Swaziland | 0,3 | 0,8 | 1,0 | 2,8 | 2,7 | 115 | 2017 | 5,0 | 77 | 20 | 448 |
| Zambia | 3,1 | 8,4 | 10,7 | 3,2 | 2,7 | 129 | 2015 | 6,5 | 98 | 15 | 113 |
| Zimbabwe | 3,8 | 10,3 | 13,2 | 3,2 | 2,8 | 110 | 2014 | 5,5 | 73 | 43 | 265 |
| Developing countries | 2 070,0 | 4 160,0 | 4 930,0 | 2,3 | 1,9 | 98 | 2025 | 3,8 | 60 | 49 | 541 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 210,0 | 520,0 | 680,0 | 2,9 | 2,8 | n.a. | n.a. | 2,0 | 65 | 59 | 225 |
| Industrial countries | 940,0 | 1 220,0 | 1 290,0 | 0,8 | 0,6 | n.a. | n.a. | 2,0 | 65 | 59 | 225 |
| World | 3 010,0 | 5 380,0 | 6 220,0 | 1,9 | 1,6 | n.a. | n.a. | 3,4 | 61 | 52 | 409 |

Source: United Nations Development Programme, Human Development Report (1993)